

The POT technique

European Bifurcation Club



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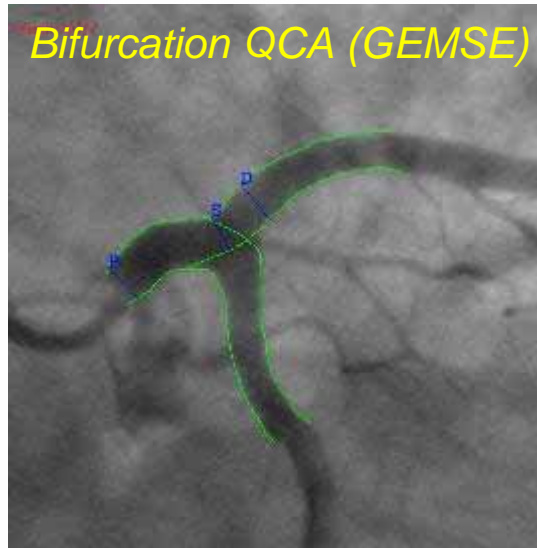
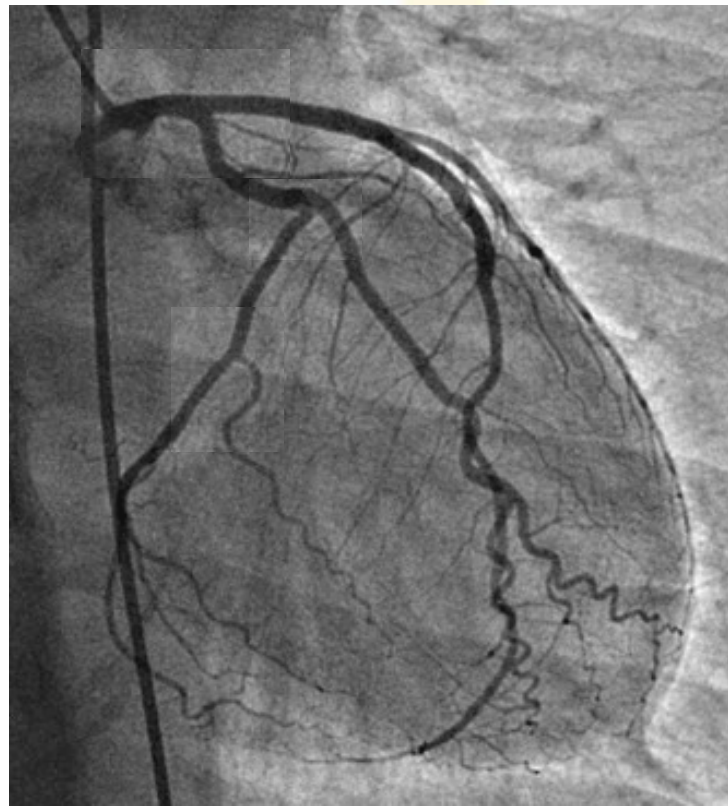


POT?

- P : Provisional
- P : Proximal
- T : technique??
- T : Tip or trick
- O : Optimization



Fractals and self-similarity of the coronary tree

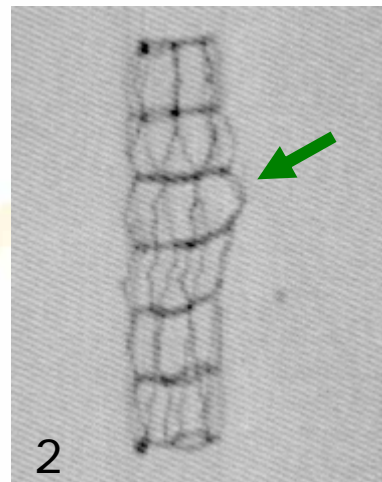
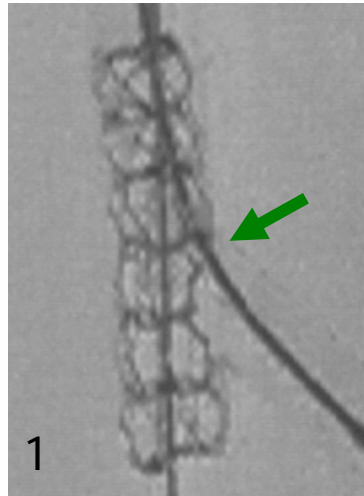
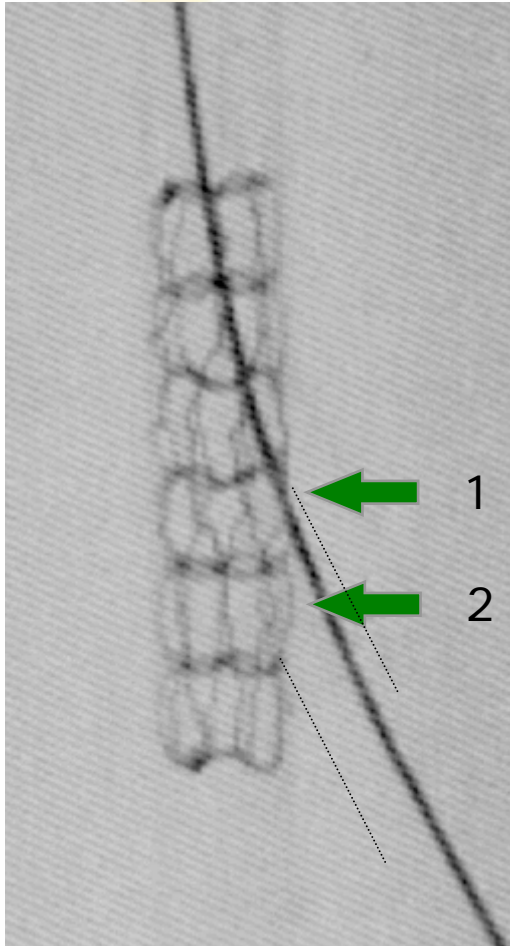


$$R = \frac{D_{\text{mother}}}{D_{\text{daughter 1}} + D_{\text{daughter 2}}}$$

Ratio = 0.670

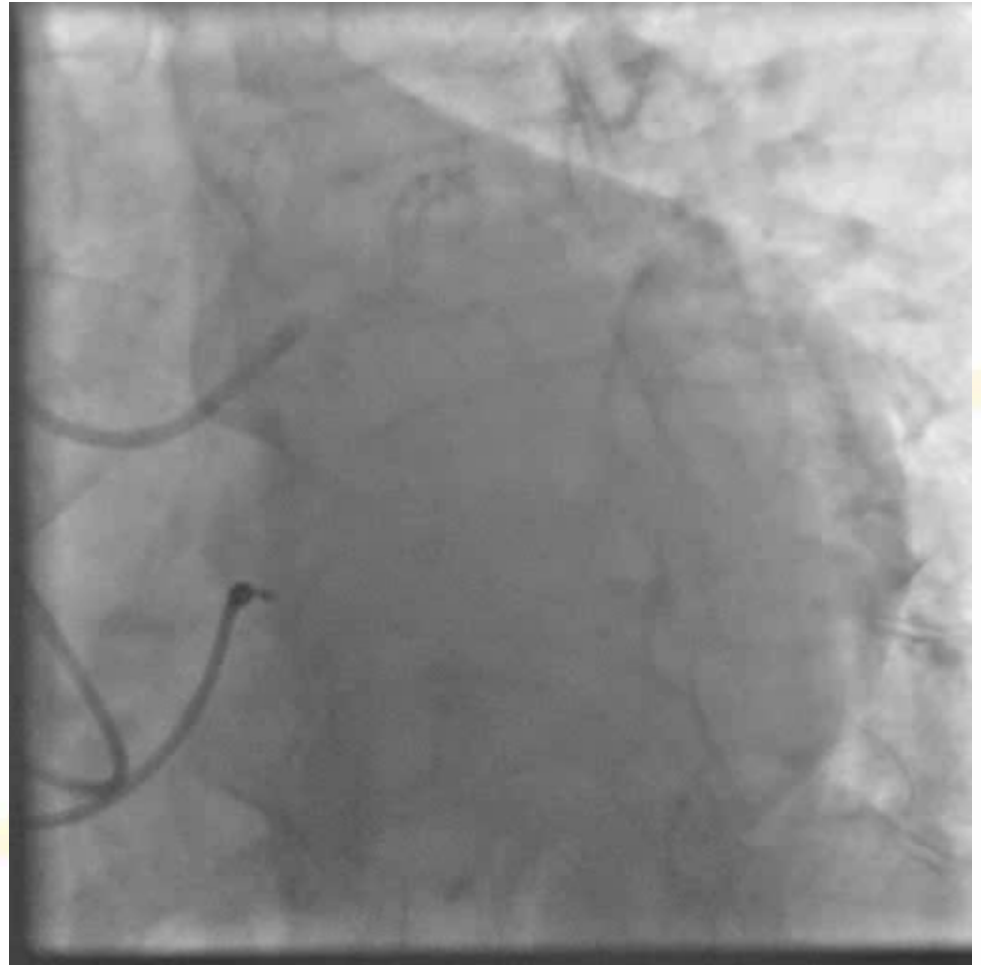
	D > 4.5 mm	D [4.5-4.0]	D [4.0-3.5]	D [3.5-3.0]	D [3.0-2.5]	D < 2.5 mm
Ratio	0.66	0.67	0.66	0.69	0.66	0.66

The good deformation of tubular stents





- 80 years old male
- Diabetes, HBP
- ACS, ST-
- 1,1,1 LM stenoses



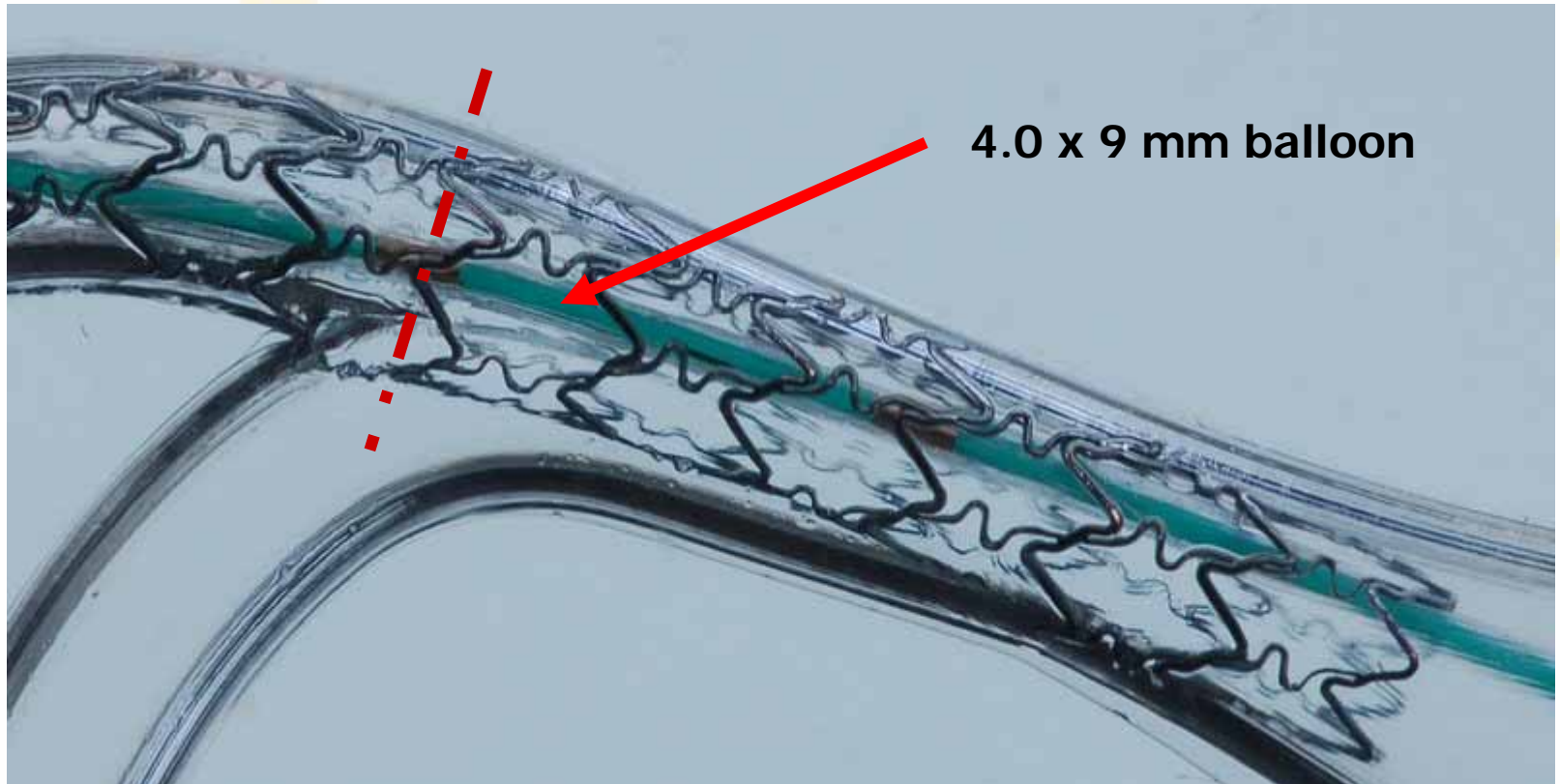


Left main diameter? Strategy?



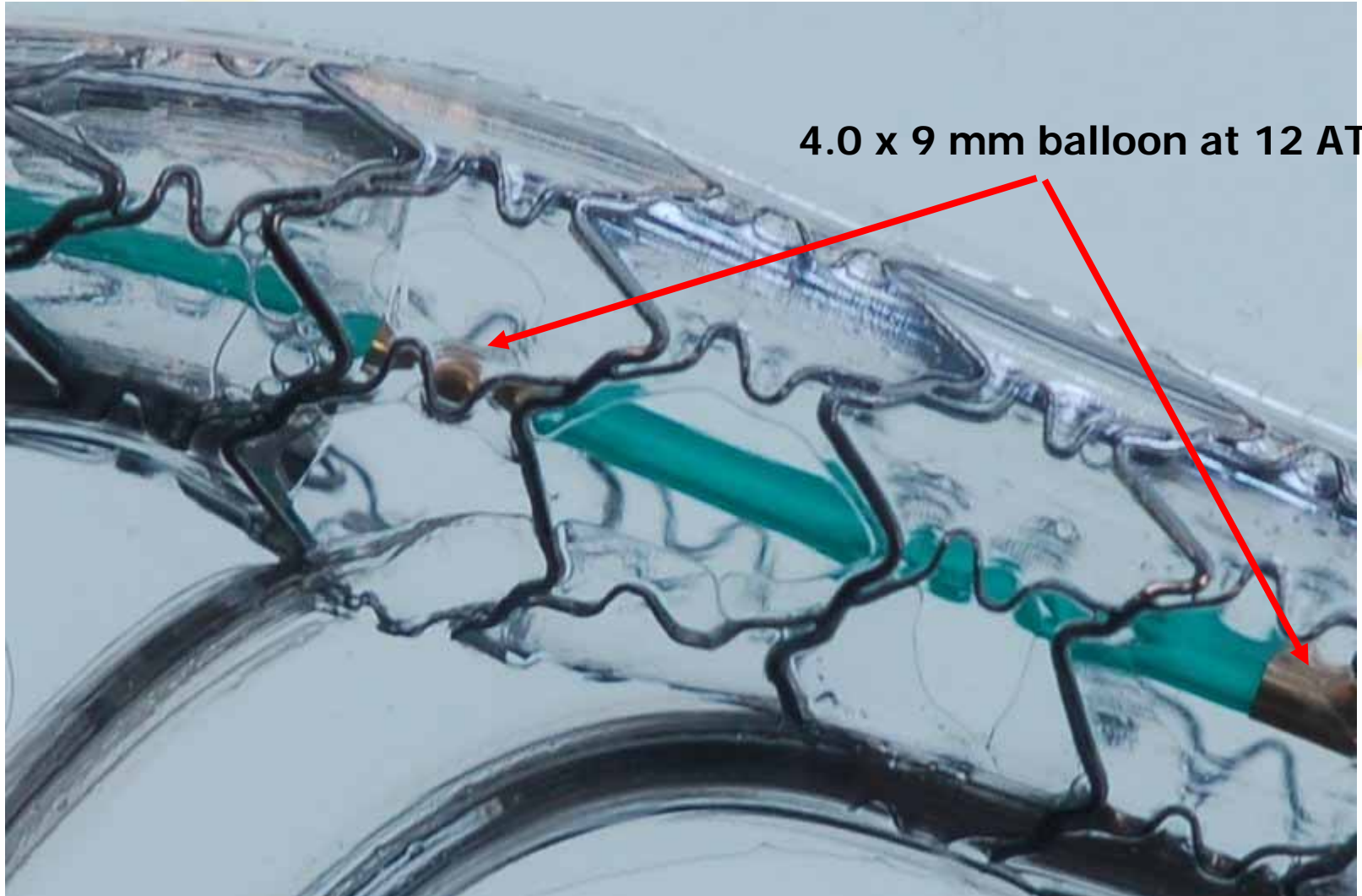


Proximal Optimization Technique Cypher Select 3.5 x 23mm





Cypher Select 3.5 x 23mm



4.0 x 9 mm balloon at 12 ATM

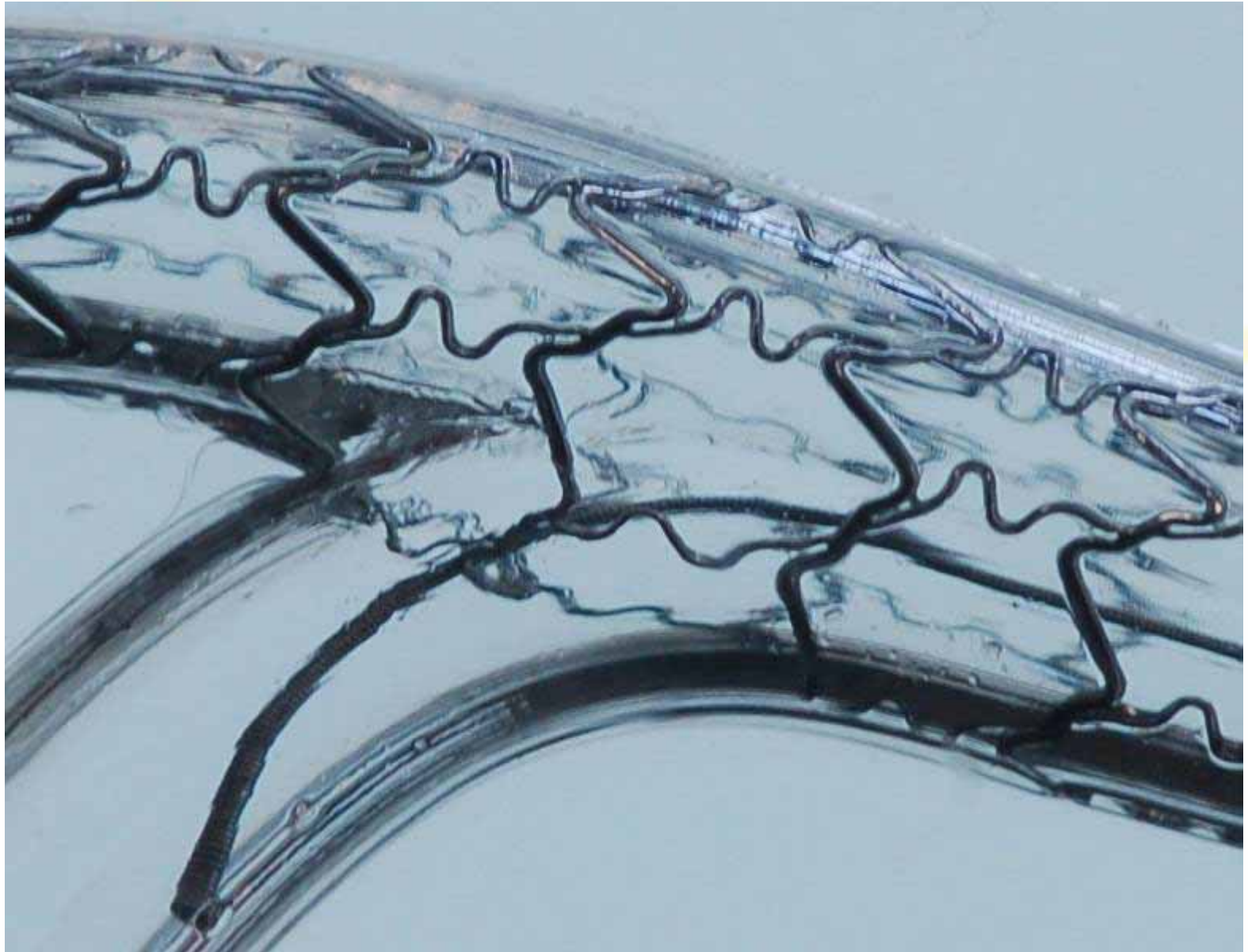


Cypher Select 3.5 x 23mm





Cypher Select 3.5 x 23mm

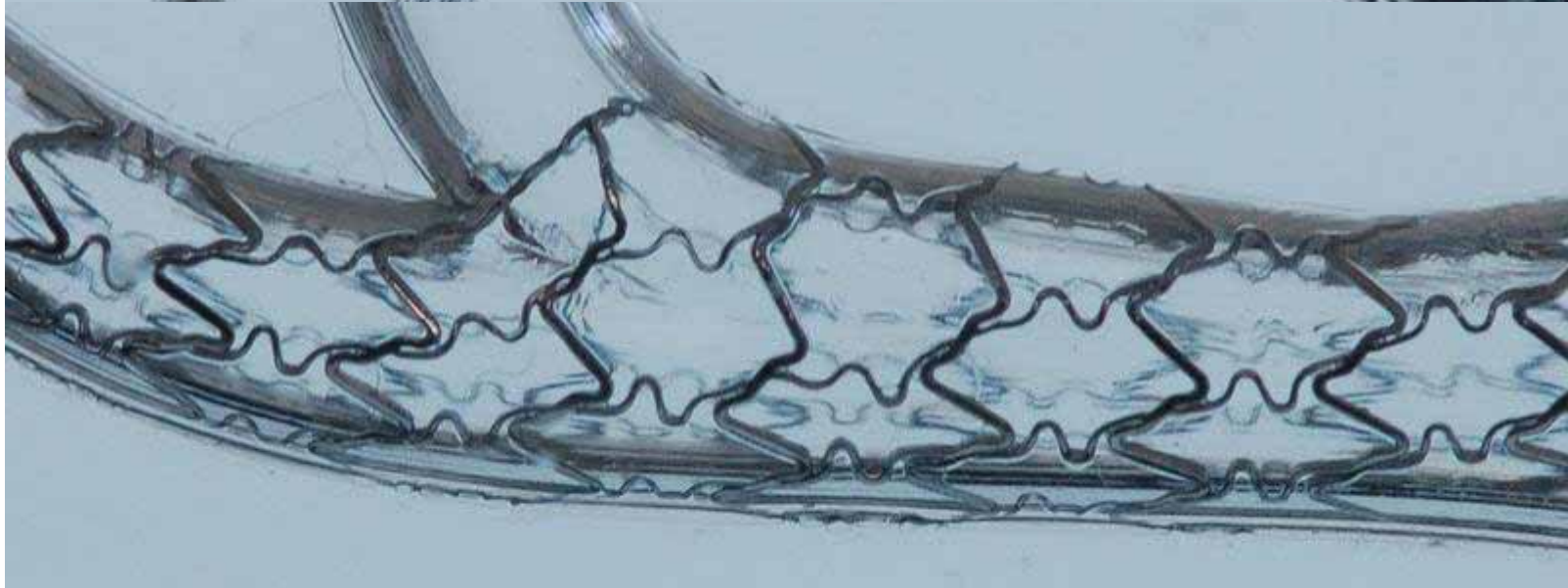
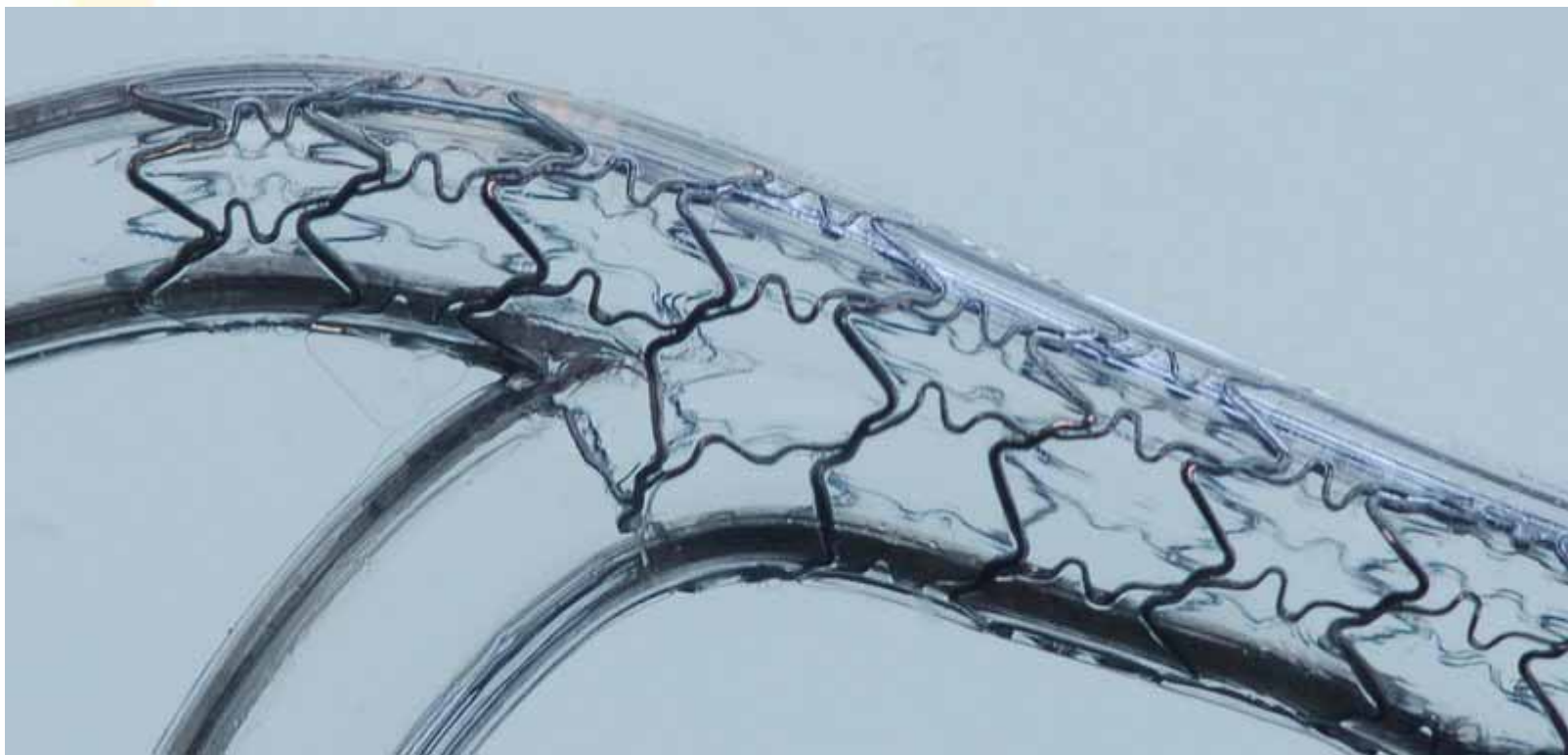




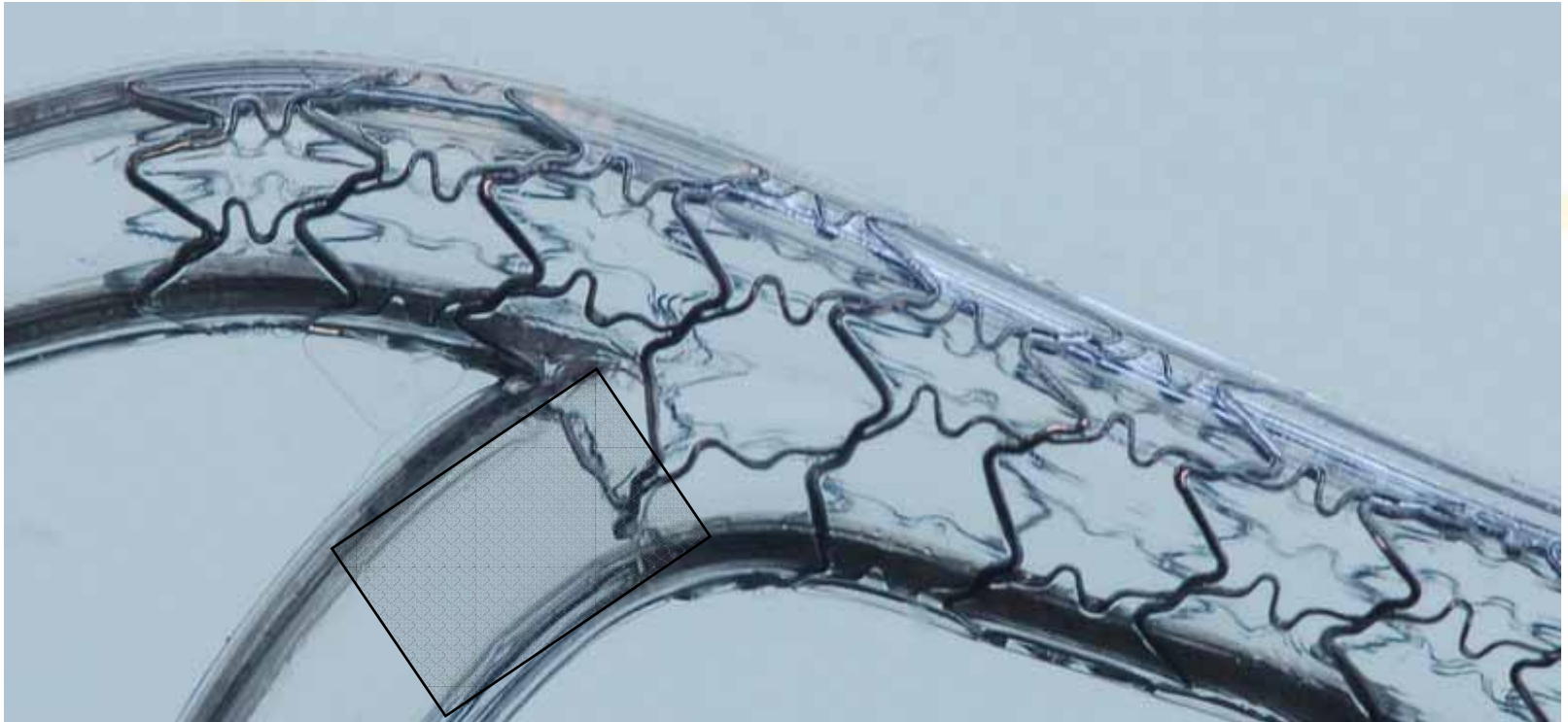
Cypher Select 3.5 x 23mm



Kissing balloon inflation 3.5 x 23 mm and 3.5 x 10 mm

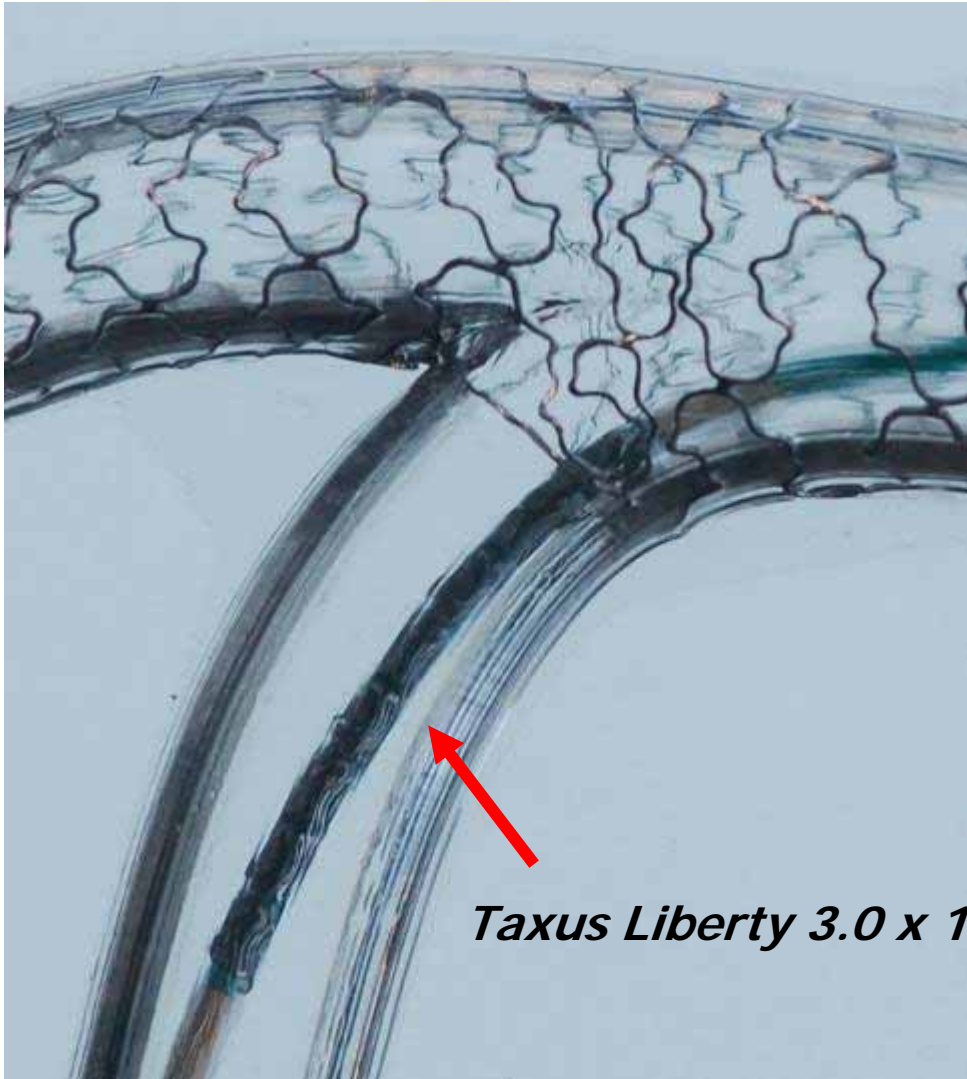


T Stenting

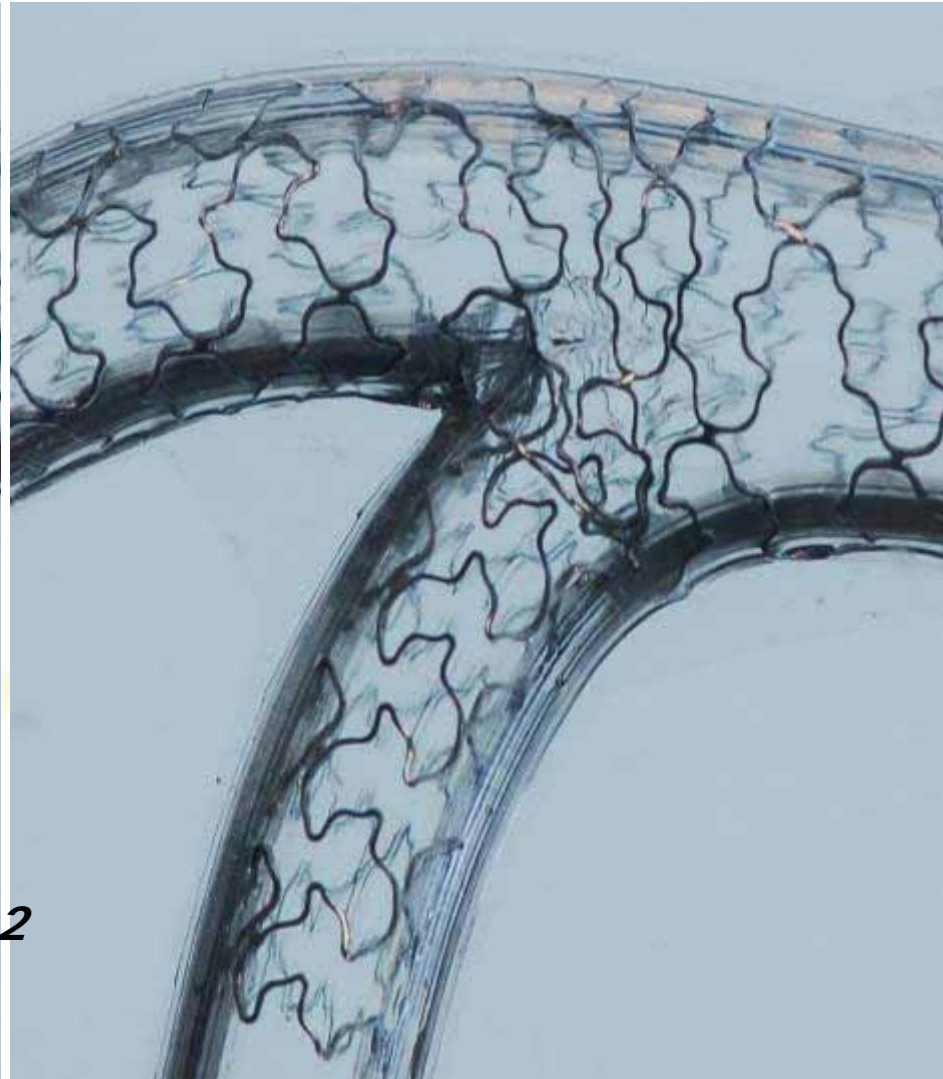


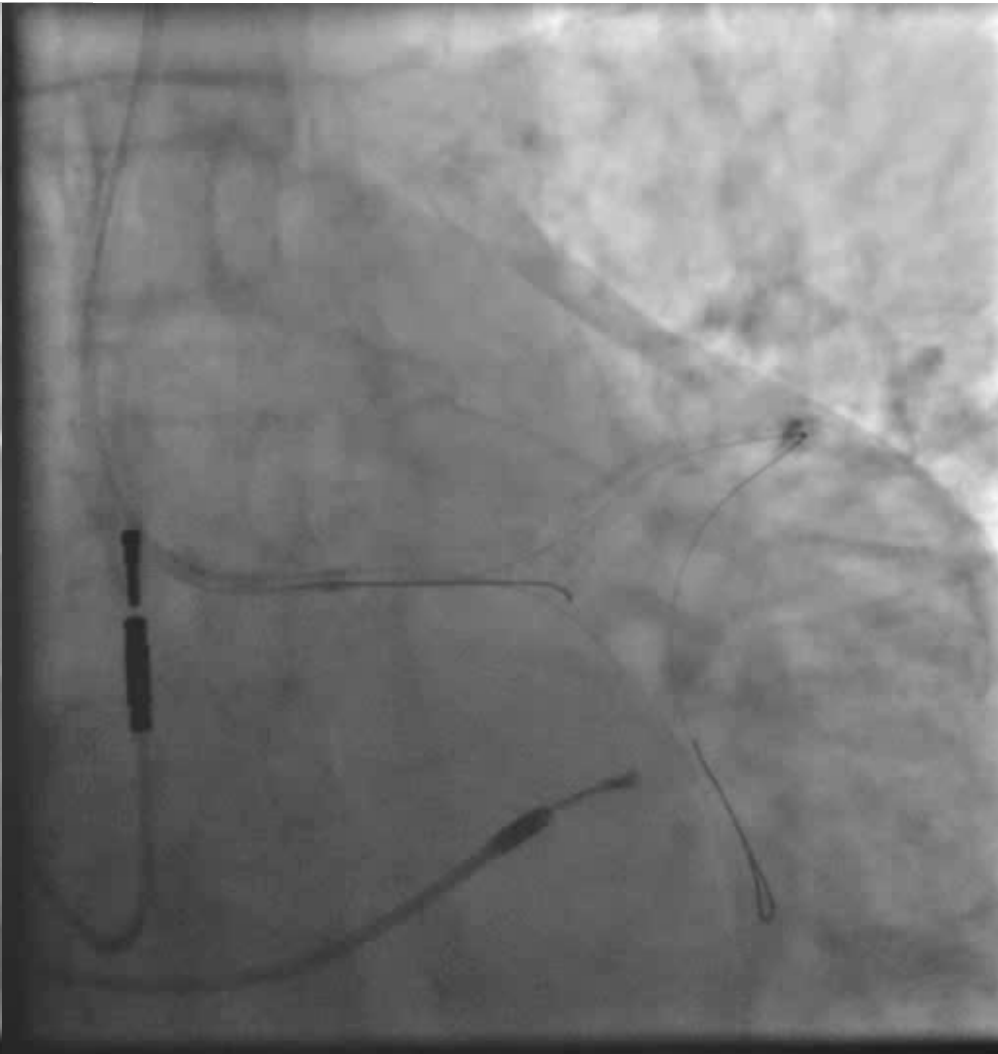


Taxus Liberty 3.5 x 24 mm



Taxus Liberty 3.0 x 12







Conclusion

- The proximal segment of a bifurcation is ALWAYS bigger than the distal main vessel segment
- Proximal optimization : very simple
 - May avoid inadequate stent apposition in the proximal segment of a bifurcation
 - Avoid « under stent » rewiring
 - Help to distal strut rewiring
 - Allow a good ostial side branch scaffolding with the new DES platforms